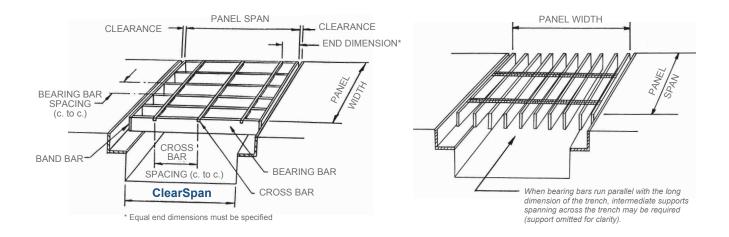
NOMENCLATURE & VOCABULARY



Methods of name identification used in this catalog

This catalog uses a form of the NAAMM alpha-numeric designation for bar spacing and manufacturing identification. The first number signifies center-to-center bearing bar spacing in 1/16ths of an inch*. A letter designates method of manufacture. The last number details center-to-center cross bar spacing in whole inches (usually 4" or 2"), or rivet spacing (usually 3-1/2", 5" or 7").

Methods of manufacturing and their letter designations used in this catalog:

SG- Swaged Rectangular Bar

SGF- Swaged Flush

SGI- Swaged I-Bar

SGLi- Swaged Lite Bar

R- Riveted (Steel)

AR- Riveted Aluminum

LG- Louver

W- Welded Steel

AT- Dove Tail (Aluminum)

SGCS- Swaged Carbon Steel

SGSS- Swaged Stainless Steel

WH- Wheels n' Heels®

PL- MBG PressLock

For Example:

19-W-4 Bearing Bars 19/16" (or 1-3/16") c.c.
Welded Steel Construction
Cross Bars 4" c.c.
15-SGI-2 Bearing Bars 15/16" c.c.

Swaged I-BarCross Bars 2" c.c.

Other Bearing Bar spacings commonly used throughout the industry are designated this way:

38-W-4 (or 2)	Bearing Bars 38/16" c.c.(2-3/8" c.c.)
30-W-4 (or 2)	Bearing Bars 30/16" c.c.(1-7/8" c.c.)
22-W-4 (or 2)	Bearing Bars 22/16" c.c.(1-3/8" c.c.)
11-SG-4 (or 2)	Bearing Bars 11/16" c.c.
7-SG-4 (or 2)	Bearing Bars 7/16" c.c.
18-R-7 (or 3-1/2)	Bearing Bars 18/16" c.c. face-to-face (1-1/8")*
37-R-5	Bearing Bars 37/16" c.c. face-to-face (2-5/16")*
12-R-7 (or 3-1/2)	Bearing Bars 12/16" c.c. face-to-face (3/4")*

